118TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

To make demonstration grants to eligible local educational agencies or consortia of eligible local educational agencies for the purpose of increasing the numbers of school nurses in public elementary schools and secondary schools.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. TESTER introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on _____

A BILL

- To make demonstration grants to eligible local educational agencies or consortia of eligible local educational agencies for the purpose of increasing the numbers of school nurses in public elementary schools and secondary schools.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "Nurses for Under5 Resourced Schools Everywhere Act" or the "NURSE
6 Act".

1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

2 Congress finds the following:

3 (1) The National Association of School Nurses
4 identifies schools as primary locations to address
5 student health issues, since a school nurse is the
6 health care provider that many students see on the
7 most regular basis.

8 (2) The American Academy of Pediatrics has 9 recognized the crucial role that school nurses play in 10 children's health and has called for having a full-11 time school nurse every day and in every school 12 building.

(3) The school nurse functions as the leader
and coordinator of the school health services team,
including by carrying out chronic disease management and health promotion as well as facilitating access to a medical home for each child and supporting
academic achievement.

(4) School nurses promote wellness and disease
prevention to improve health outcomes for our Nation's children. In addition, school nurses perform
early intervention services such as periodic assessments for vision, hearing, and dental problems, in an
effort to remove barriers to learning.

(5) The American Federation of Teachers hascalled for a nurse in every school, as nurses are

front-line workers that address an array of health
 needs and their presence in a school can help to im prove student learning.

4 (6) According to 2017 data from the National
5 Association of School Nurses, only 39.3 percent of
6 schools employ a full-time school nurse, while 35.5
7 percent of schools employ a school nurse only part8 time, and 25.2 percent do not have a school nurse
9 at all.

10 (7) The National Association of School Nurses 11 has reported that medication administration to stu-12 dents is one of the most common health-related ac-13 tivities performed in school. As more chronically ill 14 and medically unstable children enter the school sys-15 tem each year, the medical factors that promote and 16 support their academic success increase, including 17 the need for medications that enhance overall health 18 or stabilize chronic conditions.

19 (8) National data indicate that between 15 and
20 20 percent of children who spend their day in school
21 have a chronic health condition.

(9) According to the American Academy of Pediatrics, students today face increased social and
emotional issues, which enhance the need for preventive services and interventions for acute and chronic

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health issues. School nurses are actively engaged
members of school-based mental health teams and
spend nearly 32 percent of their time providing mental health services, including universal and targeted
interventions, screenings to identify early warning
signs and provide referrals to medical providers, and
crisis planning.

8 (10) According to the Department of Edu-9 cation, during the 2013–2014 school year, 1,360,747 10 children enrolled in public schools experienced home-11 lessness. Homeless children develop increased rates 12 of acute and chronic health conditions, and the 13 stress of their living situation can negatively affect 14 their development and ability to learn. As a result, 15 schools have become the primary access to health 16 care for many children and adolescents. School 17 nurses serve on the front lines as a safety net for 18 the Nation's most vulnerable children.

(11) Communicable and infectious diseases account for millions of school days lost each year.
Data illustrate that when students have access to a
registered nurse in school, immunization rates increase.

24 (12) Throughout the COVID-19 pandemic,25 school nurses have played an important role helping

1	students and coordinating activities such as contact
2	tracing and symptom screening.
3	SEC. 3. INCREASING THE NUMBER OF SCHOOL NURSES.
4	(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
5	(1) ESEA TERMS.—The terms "elementary
6	school", "local educational agency", "secondary
7	school", and "State educational agency" have the
8	meanings given to the terms in section 8101 of the
9	Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965
10	(20 U.S.C. 7801).
11	(2) ACUITY.—The term "acuity", when used
12	with respect to a level, means the level of a patient's
13	sickness, such as a chronic condition, which influ-
14	ences the need for nursing care.
15	(3) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—The term "eligible enti-
16	ty" means—
17	(A) a local educational agency in which not
18	less than 20 percent of the children are eligible
19	to participate in the school lunch program es-
20	tablished under the Richard B. Russell National
21	School Lunch Act (42 U.S.C. 1751 et seq.);
22	(B) a consortium of local educational agen-
23	cies described in subparagraph (A); or

1	(C) a State educational agency in consor-
2	tium with local educational agencies described
3	in subparagraph (A).
4	(4) HIGH-NEED LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGEN-
5	CY.—The term "high-need local educational agency"
6	means a local educational agency described in para-
7	graph (3)(A)—
8	(A) that serves not fewer than 15,000 chil-
9	dren who are eligible to participate in the pro-
10	gram described in such paragraph; or
11	(B) for which not less than 40 percent of
12	the children served by the agency are eligible to
13	participate in the program described in such
14	paragraph.
15	(5) NURSE.—The term "nurse" means a reg-
16	istered nurse, as defined under State law.
17	(6) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
18	the Secretary of Education.
19	(7) WORKLOAD.—The term "workload", when
20	used with respect to a nurse, means the amount of
21	time the nurse takes to provide care and complete
22	the other tasks for which the nurse is responsible.
23	(b) DEMONSTRATION GRANT PROGRAM AUTHOR-
24	IZED.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—From amounts appropriated 1 2 to carry out this section, the Secretary of Education 3 shall award demonstration grants, on a competitive 4 basis, to eligible entities to pay the Federal share of 5 the costs of increasing the number of school nurses 6 in the public elementary schools and secondary 7 schools served by the eligible entity, which may in-8 clude hiring a school nurse to serve schools in mul-9 tiple school districts.

10 (2) SEAs.—In the case of an eligible entity de-11 scribed in subsection (a)(3)(C) that receives a grant 12 under paragraph (1), such entity shall use amounts 13 received under the grant to award subgrants to the 14 local educational agencies that are members of the 15 entity, and reserve not more than 10 percent of such 16 grant funds to support statewide activities to meet 17 a variety of health needs, which may include hiring 18 a nurse to provide training and technical assistance 19 to schools statewide that meet the criteria estab-20 lished in subsection (d)(2)(A).

21 (c) Applications.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—An eligible entity desiring a
grant under this section shall submit to the Secretary an application at such time, in such manner,

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and containing such information as the Secretary
 may require.

3 (2) CONTENTS.—Each application submitted
4 under paragraph (1) shall include information with
5 respect to the current (as of the date of application)
6 number of school nurses, student health acuity lev7 els, and workload of school nurses in each of the
8 public elementary schools and secondary schools
9 served by the eligible entity.

(d) PRIORITY.—In awarding grants under this section, the Secretary shall give priority to each application
submitted by an eligible entity that—

(1) is a high-need local educational agency, a
consortium composed of high-need local educational
agencies, or a State educational agency in consortium with high-need local educational agencies; and
(2) demonstrates—

18 (A) the greatest need for new or additional
19 nursing services among students in the public
20 elementary schools and secondary schools
21 served by the agency or consortium; or

(B) that the eligible entity does not have
a school nurse in any of the public elementary
schools and secondary schools served by the

1	local educational agency or the consortium-
2	member local educational agencies.
3	(e) Federal Share; Non-Federal Share.—
4	(1) FEDERAL SHARE.—The Federal share of a
5	grant under this section—
6	(A) shall not exceed 75 percent for each
7	year of the grant; and
8	(B) in the case of a multiyear grant, shall
9	decrease for each succeeding year of the grant,
10	in order to ensure the continuity of the in-
11	creased hiring level of school nurses using State
12	or local sources of funding following the conclu-
13	sion of the grant.
14	(2) Non-federal share.—The non-Federal
15	share of a grant under this section may be in cash
16	or in kind, and may be provided from State re-
17	sources, local resources, contributions from private
18	organizations, or a combination thereof.
19	(3) WAIVER.—The Secretary may waive or re-
20	duce the non-Federal share of an eligible entity re-
21	ceiving a grant under this section if the eligible enti-
22	ty demonstrates an economic hardship.
23	(f) REPORT.—Not later than 2 years after the date
24	on which a grant is first made to a local educational agen-
25	cy under this section, the Secretary shall submit to Con-

gress a report on the results of the demonstration grant
 program carried out under this section, including an eval uation of—

4 (1) the effectiveness of the program in increas5 ing the number of school nurses; and

6 (2) the impact of any resulting enhanced health
7 of students on learning, such as academic achieve8 ment, attendance, and classroom time.

9 (g) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There 10 are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section 11 such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal years 12 2024 through 2028.